# 3 STEPS TO END SCHOOL VIOLENCE

- Dr. Jean Alberti -

## 1 HELPING THE BULLIES

#### Step 1 - Change your thinking to

- 1) Bullying is
  - a) Physical abuse
  - b) Emotional abuse
  - c) No longer tolerable
- Bullying is learned behavior that can be changed with appropriate teaching methods
- 3) Bullies have emotional problems that they need help with as a possible result of
  - a) Surviving abuse
  - b) **Witnessing abuse** at home or in the neighborhood
  - Viewing violence on TV, movies and/or video games
  - d) Other
- 4) Bullies lack social skills
  - a) To maintain healthy relationships
  - b) To resolve problems in healthier ways
- Bullies incorrectly interpret others' behavior as provocative when it is not

## Step 2 - Decide to DO something about this

#### Step 3 - DO something

- Teach them the social skills they need to decrease aggressiveness
  - a) Conflict resolution
  - b) Peer mediation
  - c) Engaging in positive social activities to develop healthy relationships
- 2) Investigate the home/neighborhood environment regarding abuse
- 3) Change school CLIMATE
  - a) Make bullying so "un-cool" that average kids will
    - i) confront bullies
    - ii) protect victims
    - iii) tell on bullies
    - iv) be rewarded for "telling
  - b) Look beyond punishing bullies & shielding victims
  - c) Enlist students into a caring culture where they see bullying as CHILD ABUSE that needs to be STOPPED -- not just for their friends but for the kids who aren't so popular
  - d) Get kids to look out for one another
    - i) "Buddy" systems
    - ii) Mentoring programs
  - e) Character Counts education programs that teach respect for differences, responsibility, strong sense of community, courtesy

- Use "teachable moments" [e.g., media reports of bullying] to demonstrate what's wrong, what's right, what consequences result
- Switch emphasis from feeling good about yourself to DOING good; feeling good will result.

## 2 HELPING THE BULLIED

## Step 1 - change your thinking to

- 1) Bullying is
  - a) Physical abuse &/or
  - b) Emotional abuse
  - c) No longer tolerable
- 2) Recognize the ineffectiveness of
  - a) Telling kids to "ignore" the bullies
  - Many current programs to solve the problem by external means

## Step 2 - Decide to DO something about this

#### Step 3 - DO something

- 1) In elementary or middle-school
  - a) Sociometric testing: have students list the 3 students who
    - i) They most like to do things with
    - ii) They least like to do things with
    - iii) Most need a friend
  - b) **Develop a "buddy" program** to help the less socially skilled kids learn from their more skilled peers
  - c) **Talk honestly** with a defensive parent about a child's social missteps
- 2) Change school CLIMATE
  - Teach tolerance and desirability of differences
  - b) Recognize and honor "differences"
  - c) Decrease the competitive orientation
- 3) Know the warning signs
  - a) Feeling
    - i) Disrespected
    - ii) Rejected
    - iii) Lonely
    - iv) Angry
    - v) Inadequate
  - Withdrawing from usual activities or interests
  - c) Talking about violence or revenge
  - d) Having a plan
- 4) Take seriously any threats of violence, not to punish but to identify the cause & help the student deal with it.

# 3 REDUCING SOCIETAL VIOLENCE

## Step 1 - Change your thinking to

- 1) It is unacceptable
- 2) It is programming our children's minds
- 3) It is creating future generations of
  - a) Spouse abusers
  - b) Child abusers
  - c) Elder abusers

#### Step 2 - DECIDE to DO something about it

#### Step 3 - DO something

- 1) With your own children
  - a) Don't let them
    - i) Watch TV or movies
    - ii) Play computer games that depict violence
- Get your children's friends' parents to do the same
- Boycott sponsors of TV shows that depict violence
- Write letters of protest to the sponsors of TV shows that depict violence
- 5) Talk to your friends & co-workers to try to get them to do any or all of the above also
- 6) Disregard media reports that deny or minimize the scientific evidence that exposure to media violence increases aggression in children and adults



