The evolution of teacher preparation
Assessing the past, adapting to the present, making an impact that lasts.
Calculating change
BY MICHELLE KEARNS

The small, hand-held calculator was controversial when it was first mass produced cheaply enough for students to slip into a pocket, bring to school and make adults worry that young people would never learn how to add, subtract and multiply on their own.

But that’s not how the machines started out. French mathematician Blaise Pascal got a patent in 1649 for his metal box with wheeled dials that could add and subtract. The evolution continued to 1958, just a year after the debut of Casio Computer Company’s desk-sized version, when a Texas Instruments engineer demonstrated a circuit on a small flat chip, said a post on the Hack Education blog by Audrey Watters, author of “Teaching Machines.”

That innovation led to the mass production of small, flat calculators. By the end of the 1970s, students were using them.

People fretted. “Well, there goes math. They’re going to turn it all over to calculators,” declared a department store manager who GSE Professor Emeritus Gerald Rising played golf with back then. “Of course, that’s never happened,” said Rising, whose books include, “Inside Your Calculator: From Simple Programs to Significant Insights.”

As a retired math education professor and the co-founder of GSE’s Gifted Math Program, Rising thinks calculators help people swiftly tackle complex math, like loan amortization formulas.

“This allows students to focus on concepts rather than computations,” said Rising.

The latest calculation aid? The QR code. Rising’s new book, “About Mathematics,” features more than 100 phone-scannable squares that lead to pre-set calculation activities online. One on page 82 leads to an interface that reveals how a common 17.5 percent credit card rate takes $7 of a $10 payment for interest and only puts $3 toward principal.

Soon, Rising admits, calculators may be obsolete. “With the calculating apps on your phone,” he said, “you’re all set.”
After a year and a half of almost entirely remote instruction, it is such a pleasure to once again see our campus come alive. I am so proud of our students and grateful to the faculty and staff of UB for putting our collective safety first. While the return to in-person instruction is welcomed, I am also mindful of the fact that this is not a return to normal. Many in our GSE community have lost loved ones to COVID-19, students across the educational lifespan have suffered serious learning loss, and we still confront, on a daily basis, deeply rooted social, economic and racial injustice.

GSE’s mission, to enhance opportunities for individuals and communities, takes center stage as we work individually and collectively through our teaching, research, outreach and engagement to address deep-rooted systemic injustice. In the pages of this edition of LEARN, you have the opportunity to read about the many ways our faculty and students engage in citizen-scholarship with the goal of making a true difference.

Thank you for your continued commitment to GSE and our priorities.

Warmly,

Suzanne Rosenblith

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**LAND ACKNOWLEDGMENT STATEMENT**

A pledge to peaceably share and care for North America’s five Great Lakes

We would like to acknowledge the land on which the University at Buffalo operates, which is the territory of the Seneca Nation, a member of the Haudenosaunee/Six Nations Confederacy. This territory is covered by The Dish with One Spoon Treaty of Peace and Friendship, a pledge to peaceably share and care for the resources around the Great Lakes. It is also covered by the 1744 Treaty of Canandaigua, between the United States Government and the Six Nations Confederacy, which further affirmed Haudenosaunee land rights and sovereignty in the State of New York. Today, this region is still the home to the Haudenosaunee people, and we are grateful for the opportunity to live, work, and share ideas in this territory.

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**GSE in the News**

- “Delta Variant Keeps Expats Stranded as Countries Reinforces Border Controls” interviewed Jinting Wu, associate professor of educational leadership and policy.

- “Library grant promotes diversity at UB” announced a new grant to be led by Amy VanScoy, associate professor in the Department of Information Sciences.

- “Ohio State University Survey Finds Student Anxiety, Depression, and Burnout On the Rise” quoted Amy VanScoy, a professor of counseling, school and educational psychology.

- “Impulsiveness Is Tied to Faster Rater in Children, Study Finds” reported on UB research cited by Amy VanScoy, a professor of counseling, school and educational psychology.

- “Suicide Among Black Girls Is a Mental Health Crisis Hiding in Plain Sight” quoted Amanda Nickerson, assistant professor and director of the Alberti Center for Bullying Abuse Prevention.

- “Screen Free Week: How families can be mindful of time spent online” featured Sam Abramovich, associate professor of learning and instruction, and of information science.

- “Covid is taking its toll — academically, socially, emotionally — on kids” quoted Stephanie Frederick, assistant professor and associate director of the Alberti Center for Bullying Abuse Prevention.

- “Culture and Consciousness: Celebrating AAPI heritage at UB in the wake of #EndAsianHate” quoted Hansook Lee, assistant professor of educational leadership and policy.

- “The debate over student loan forgiveness and why it’s not the only option to solve a debt crisis” featured Natan Daun-Barnett, associate professor of higher education and chair of the Department of Educational Leadership and Policy.

- “Raven Baxter’s Discrimination At Work” an episode of Facebook’s Red Table Talk, featured doctoral student Raven Baxter.
**BOOK STACKS**

Recent books published by members of the GSE community

"Hands On, Minds On" was written by Claire Cameron, associate professor of learning and instruction and published by Teachers College Press in 2018. It describes the importance of children’s foundational cognitive skills for academic achievement in literacy and mathematics, as well as their connections with other areas of school readiness, including physical health, social and emotional development, and approaches to learning.

"Mindfulness and Yoga for Self-Regulation: A Primer for Mental Health Professionals" was written by Catherine Cook-Cottone, professor of counseling, school and educational psychology, and published by Springer Publishing Company in 2015. The book explores the societal influences that lead to the externally oriented, idealized and ultimately self-defeating concept of the individual. It provides the structure and practical applications for clinicians to help their clients overcome struggles with externally oriented behaviors and discover an internal sense of satisfaction and peace of mind.

"Hands On, Minds On" written by Desiree Williams, MA/AC '15, School Psychology is the second picture book in a developing series. The book teaches children what emotions look like and feel like in their bodies. Learning to recognize what you are feeling is the first step in developing emotional intelligence and coping skills and assists in becoming well-adjusted world citizens.

"About Mathematics" was co-authored by Emeritus Professor Gerald Rising and published by Linus Learning in 2018. The text seeks to bridge that gap between science and humanities, to serve humanities students just as humanities text are offered to inform science students. In doing so, unlike most math text, the authors avoid the usual focus on detailed techniques to expose some of the important concepts and values of mathematics instead.

"You Better Recognize!" illustrated, written and published in 2021 by Desiree Williams, MA/AC '15, School Psychology is the second picture book in a developing series. The book teaches children what emotions look like and feel like in their bodies. Learning to recognize what you are feeling is the first step in developing emotional intelligence and coping skills and assists in becoming well-adjusted world citizens.

"A Case for Change in Teaching Preparation: Developing Community-Based Residency Programs" was co-authored by fourteen scholars including GSE’s Professor Julie Gorlewski, Clinical Assistant Professor Amanda Winkelsas, Dean and Professor Suzanne N. Rosenblith, Associate Professor Corrie Stone-Johnson, Clinical Associate Professor Elisabeth Enos, Clinical Assistant Professor Tiffany Karalis Noel, Doctoral Student Ling Zhu, Associate Professor Erin Kearney, and Professor Xiaofeng Liu. The book describes a reconceptualized teacher preparation program based on a teacher residency model. This model is grounded in three core beliefs: first, that teacher quality is a shared responsibility between universities and school districts; second, that all students have a right to high-quality teachers who are as racially, ethnically, and linguistically diverse as the students they teach; and third, that for education to be transformative, future educators must have the right balance of theoretical knowledge and practical experiences grounded in specific contexts.

"Letters to a Young Math Teacher - Revised 2nd Edition" written by Emeritus Professor Gerald Rising, was published by William R. Parks in 2013. The book explains how to avoid problems in a school setting and is designed to inform beginning teachers about the real world of schools and assist them with the difficult transition from student to teacher.

"Principles of Teaching in Secondary Education" written by the late Emeritus Professor Herbert Foster, was selected by scholars as text that is culturally important. It was reproduced as part of a classic reprint series by Forgotten Books in 2018. The text is an attempt to assist the prospective or untrained teacher in a study of principles upon which methods in secondary education must be based. The book is a protest against formalism and mechanism, and unsystematic procedure.

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ON THE MAP RESEARCH AND PUBLIC SERVICE HIGHLIGHTS

BY MICHELLE KEARNS

Adetola Salau, a GSE PhD student in the Department of Learning and Instruction and a dual citizen of Nigeria and the U.S., studies as she works as the senior special assistant for education to the governor of Lagos State. Her efforts to transform Nigerian STEM education come from a core belief: A more hands-on and interactive curricula will help students solve problems more creatively and develop the skills to find satisfying careers. As she develops her dissertation work about teacher training, Salau aims to expand a new STEAM UP Lagos project that launched science clubs in more than 50 junior high and high schools. The goal: Expand the club to all 5,000 public and 20,000 private schools in the state. Read the full story on page 30.

GSE PhD student Yukako Otsuki has been spending this year working from her native Japan as she finishes her doctorate in foreign and second language education. She designed her dissertation research to find ways to help teachers take a more collaborative, flexible approach to language instruction. Otsuki’s proposal about her research plan to explore the impact of personal reflection on teacher awareness about how to improve their pedagogy won an award. Last year, Otsuki became one of the first GSE students to win an Advanced PhD Fellowship from UB’s Humanities Institute. Read the full story on page 33.

In partnership with GiGi’s Playhouse Down Syndrome Achievement Center, a GSE professor and a PhD student developed a course to help teachers learn to teach children with disabilities. UB students enrolled in the pilot independent study class, studied teaching techniques and then worked with children and families before creating an at-home activity or strategy. The course addresses a critical gap: Approaches to working with students with Down syndrome vary from school to school. Once teachers learn the right techniques, some children can learn to read at grade level. “With the nationwide wave of retiring teachers, colleges must prepare new educators for classrooms of today, which increasingly include students with a wide range of learning needs,” said co-instructor Claire Cameron, GSE associate professor of learning and instruction. Read the full story on page 34.

GSE alumnus Rob Martin has been teaching social studies and providing English language support services at the American International School of Lusaka for the last four years. His career at multinational schools for the children of international and local workers included stops in Mexico, Kuwait, India and, now Zambia. He’s sharing his story to shed light on a path that others may want to take. “I continue to learn that it is important to look beyond our country and town and city borders,” said Martin. “It’s important to learn about the world around us and also I think it gives me an opportunity to see the U.S. through a different lens.” Read the full story on page 36.
Meet me in my office with Myles Faith

A pandemic pivot: A shift in childhood obesity research

By Lauren Newkirk Maynard

Like all GSE faculty, Myles Faith was forced to pivot professionally and personally during the COVID-19 shutdown. He took it in stride, using the pandemic as a lens for studying treatment programs for children dealing with obesity, and as a unique opportunity to focus on his own family.

“Lockdown was a challenge, but there was something also wonderful about having that time together,” he said.

A professor of counseling, school and educational psychology, Faith has spent decades studying “nature vs. nurture” with respect to childhood obesity and its impact on families. His work includes investigations into how children’s eating behaviors and body weight may be influenced by their temperaments, access to technology at school and at home—even their mothers’ eating habits and health during pregnancy.

Faith’s goal is to develop better evidence-based interventions that help parents and caregivers find positive strategies for healthy eating.

In 2020, his research dovetailed with COVID. As springtime shutdowns began, Faith and several U.S. and international colleagues began an observational study of overweight children and adolescents involved in a long-term childhood obesity treatment program in Verona, Italy. According to Faith, it was one of the first to look at the impact lockdowns had on an existing obesity intervention.

The research confirmed that the children ate considerably more unhealthy foods and drinks, spent more time in front of screens and had less physical activity and sleep than they did a year earlier.

“This happened in large part because their routine was disrupted,” Faith said. “What COVID puts under the microscope is the significance of family routines, and how they get thrown for a loop in a major way that has an impact on eating, sleep and diet.”

One silver lining: the rise of virtual technologies during COVID may help families treat obesity more effectively at home. Since graduate school, Faith has studied how technology-based interventions, such as telehealth-based counseling models, can influence healthier eating habits for kids and positive behaviors for the whole family.

MYLES FAITH’S RESEARCH AREAS:
Family and Family Health
Childhood Obesity
Childhood Eating Behaviors
Parenting and Childhood Obesity
Weight-based Bullying
Childhood Obesity and Depression
Child and Adolescent Development
Teacher Education REINVENTED

Developing a transformational approach, building on tradition.

As understanding of, awareness about and experience with GSE’s Teacher Residency Program has grown, so has interest in and demand for it—and subsequently its impact. The program and its approach to teacher training is now in its third year in partnership with the Buffalo Public Schools.

The residency model improves upon the traditional practice of placing graduate students in schools for short-term classroom experience. Distinctive features include a year-long experience, with a summer semester, in a single school, working with a mentor teacher. Residents earn a master’s degree, a living stipend and a three-year job commitment with the Buffalo Public Schools.

Working in urban schools, the residents learn a responsive teaching style that considers differences in race, ethnicity and socio-economic background. They finish their studies with the understanding, confidence and resilience to respond, flex and adapt to a range of classroom dynamics. Residents are able to apply what they’re learning in real time. Program faculty and staff stay connected with resident alumni offering additional support during their first three years of teaching.

The 2021 cohort of 23 residents across eight Buffalo Public Schools is nearly double the number of residents in each of the two previous years.

Leaders in the Buffalo school district say they appreciate the curriculum’s tailored approach with its emphasis on the specific needs of city schools. Mentor teachers and school principals welcome the year-round help from a resident co-teacher who can offer new insights into classroom practice.

As the following stories attest, the Teacher Residency Program is having an impact. Informed by teacher training of the past, it is charting a new trajectory for teacher preparation of the future.
After two years of hosting GSE’s teacher residents, the leaders of Buffalo’s Hutchinson Central Technical High School began this year with three new residents teaching biology and French.

They have already hired two alumni and Principal Gabrielle Marquez, EdM ‘98, EdD ’13 says she would gladly hire more.

“But I know I can’t be selfish,” she jokes.

“I have to spread the wealth across the Buffalo Public Schools.”

Marquez adds: “Here at Tech, we are really looking for teachers who have skills and abilities that are best for our school and really looking for teachers who have skills and abilities that are best for our urban students. We really wanted to hire our urban residents.”

She notes that the residents infuse classrooms with new ideas, enthusiasm and energy that impact their co-teachers, classrooms with new ideas, enthusiasm and energy that impact their co-teachers, and regimented sequences with more time.

“Wow, an entire year! That is going to give the whole scope and sequence of a school year and that’s going to give future teachers the confidence they need to stay in the career.”

Anthony’s thinking about how change improves instruction. “If I am open to using strategies that work for others for my own students, then I am always going to grow as a teacher,” she said. “And my students are always going to get the best instructional methods.”

Assistant Principal Pedro Estrada, BA ’94, EdM ’08, EdM ’13 was impressed by Anthony and Mata’s seamless work together. “From the beginning, they behaved like a veteran co-teaching team,” he said. “It takes years and years and some people never get it. They knew the teamwork. It takes a level of professionalism from both ends, from both parties, to work that well.”

The residency gives a mentor and resident time together. “They planned daily. There’s something about planning that cannot be replaced with just presence,” Estrada said.

“In a traditional student teaching model, they have a presence in the room, where they come in for a number of hours, but they’re not necessarily embedded into continuous planning.”

Mata wasn’t struggling as some student teachers do when they show up mid-week and then must figure out what is going on in class. “Many times, I would pop in and she was teaching and it was flawless,” said Estrada. “My Anthony took the back seat and she would be just the co-teacher or the helper, but it didn’t matter. It looked like a flawless incision.”

A former Spanish teacher, Estrada says students need to speak six phrases or “utterances” to get Regents exam credit. As he watched interactions with the emojis, he could see students were speaking more than six. “Students were not afraid of engaging in the language, felt very comfortable with the level of rigor they were being exposed to,” he said. “That, to me, speaks highly of their ability to do the job.”

For Hutch Tech Spanish teacher and GSE mentor Meredith Anthony, working with resident Cristina Mata, EdM ’20 confirmed the insights from her own early career. A full academic year in the classroom can be better preparation than the shorter stints of the traditional student teaching model.

“Students became so intrigued that they created their own emoji themes and made sentences with a partner. “That’s where the real learning takes place—when they’re teaching each other,” she said.

Working with Mata also illuminated Anthony’s thinking about how change improves instruction. “If I am open to using strategies that work for others for my own students, then I am always going to grow as a teacher,” she said. “And my students are always going to get the best instructional methods.”

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The residency year packs in experience and learning

BY MICHELLE KEARNS

Being a teacher resident during the pandemic, with its unending shift from teaching in a classroom to virtual lessons, fortified Tara Strade, BA ‘19, MS ‘20—as a graduate student and as a teacher in training. She had no choice but to find ways to balance her studies and lead second grade classes alongside her mentor teacher.

It was intense. The experience proved that she’d found her vocation. “There were times when I was stressed, but I just loved what I was doing so much,” said Strade. “The realism of this program is what makes it so hard. It unapologetically presents itself in a way that is just the most rigorous and intense thing I’ve ever done in my life.”

Last year, Buffalo Public Schools hired her as a new graduate. “They saw what happened during the insurrection. ‘They were doing so much,’ said Strade. “They had the greatest thing I’ve ever done in my life.”

The residency approach to teacher training allowed you to really play out and experiment with new learning approaches like for you to teach, as opposed to imagining it,” said Strade. “They had the greatest comments, without me guiding them anywhere, like ‘Why is this happening?’”

And, because she felt comfortable sharing her informal, joking self with her students, she experimented with new learning approaches as they worked through the hybrid learning year that began online and finished in the classroom.

“She could tell her students were responding to her authenticity. ‘I really am this crazy person trying to get you to love books and science and I think it makes them love it more,’” she said. “It worked out really well. All my kids did very well.”

“She led game show style quizzes. She called parents to share good news. During the December break, she spent nine hours on the phone with her former fifth-grade students Orchard Park, N.Y., Aug. 3, 2021. (UB Photo/Kearns)

“Then, before a chorus of goodbyes and an end to the Zoom call, Strade made the microphone, said Helen. “You’re always happy and joyful.”

When Strade laughed, Helen added, “That’s a fact.”

“The year went by quick,” said Demere. “I miss getting yelled at with the microphone,” said Helen. “You’re always happy and joyful.”

Then, before a chorus of goodbyes and an end to the Zoom call, Strade made the students promise to visit her in her classroom when school started this fall. “I cannot wait to see you in school,” she said. “Thank you so much for joining me.”

“The profession benefits from having more than one model for preparing teachers, she said. She admits she would not have thrived as a first-year teacher if she’d only had the more standard 15 weeks of classroom practice as a graduate student. For her, the residency approach to teacher training worked: “I would not be in this position, I would not feel as prepared as I am now,” she said, “and I would certainly not love what I’m doing, if I did not have this program.”

“The realism of this program is what makes it so hard. It unapologetically presents itself in a way that is just the most rigorous and intense thing I’ve ever done in my life.”
Legal advocate and Marine find new careers in the classroom

BY MICHELLE KEARNS

Gary Crump listened, with deep discouragement, to a judge give a sentence that put three young Black and Hispanic men in prison for life for crimes that could have been prevented with education. In that moment, he decided his time would be better spent working with young men in a classroom than as a legal advocate. He remembers thinking, “There’s got to be a way I can have an impact on young men of color.”

During his 15 years working with defense attorneys on trials and death penalty cases, he saw the criminal justice system up close. He knew that the three men who moved him to change careers were responsible for serious felonies. Crump also understood how poor schooling and the need to earn a living influenced their decisions.

“I think when you come from a background like that, you understand people engage in certain activities to feed their families,” he said. “Because they don’t have an education, because they don’t have viable employment opportunities, and no one’s reaching out to them, so they take an alternative means. Too often this is the case for many of our men and women of color in an urban setting.”

As Crump began looking into how to change careers, he was referred to UB. Its new Teacher Residency Program aligned with his goals. His law degree would be accepted as a master’s degree and he would take classes to earn a certificate of advanced study while he co-taught social studies. “With my history background and law background, becoming a social studies teacher was a good fit,” Crump said.

During his work last year as a resident at South Park High School, he collaborated with two mentor teachers who helped him build on his previous experience as a volunteer, working in the South Bronx to help students pass their high school equivalency exams.

“This is where a lot of my experience and my passion developed, in terms of my ability to work effectively with young people,” he noted, “particularly young people of color.”

Like Crump, fellow resident and Marine veteran Micah Harris, who co-taught social studies at Hutchinson Central Technical High School, was motivated to enroll in the GSE program because of what he observed as a substitute high school teacher.


Students need to see Black men as teachers, he said. A father of three, Harris grew up in Buffalo. Lately, he has been coaching football at Maryvale High School. He was grateful for the residency’s training, certification, and the strategies he learned from his mentor teacher Alicia Proctor-Salazar. “It gave me a route,” he said.

During the hybrid teaching of last year, Crump also was grateful for strategies he learned, including how to engage with students online. His mentor teachers, Paul McPartland, EdM ‘06 and Laura Boland, were instrumental in connecting him with colleagues and coaching him to teach online.

“The course is made up of a combination of courses for urban education and K-12 teachers and what happens in the classroom,” said. “They were able to really bridge that gap for me over the past year.”

With mentor support, Crump started “Motivation Mondays,” using video clips from Eric Thomas, a motivational speaker who was homeless for a time. The videos led to class conversations on themes, like overcoming fear. Crump built on those discussions, using two bulletin boards. One he used for motivational quotes from people like Thomas, Michelle Obama and Eleanor Roosevelt. The other was a hub for CIU, or “culturally linguistically relevant initiatives.”

He featured history connected to his own New York City roots like the Louis Armstrong House Museum in Queens, the Jackie Robinson Museum in Manhattan and the new Universal Hip Hop Museum in the Bronx. McPartland and Boland told Crump that his contributions influenced their teaching as well. They plan to incorporate new, diverse perspectives to elicit more student conversation, as he did.

Students often told him that his class was a favorite because of its variety. His creativity helped Crump connect with students and achieve teaching goals.

Crump recalled helping a young man who had been struggling to finish a project to pass a social justice seminar. At graduation, he gave Crump a hug.

“If it wasn’t for you, I wouldn’t be here,” the young man said as his happy mother watched.

Crump wanted his student to recognize his genuine accomplishment.

“I had to say to him, ‘Look, you did the work,'” Crump remembered. “You just needed a little direction and motivation to help you get across that line.'”

Crump’s experience that day highlighted the importance of his new journey as an educator.

“With my history, background and law background, becoming a social studies teacher was a good fit.”
BY MICHELLE KEARNS

As Tanika Shedrick, MA ’06 begins her fourth year as principal of BUILD Community School, the school’s partnership with GSE and its Teacher Residency Program has helped turn the historic Black school into a learning lab. Shedrick, a member of the program’s steering committee, can see how the five residents placed at BUILD during the program’s first two years have contributed to a dynamic environment for everyone—administrators, teachers and students. This year, the school is hosting five residents at once.

“I love the fact that residents come in with fresh eyes and with new techniques,” Shedrick said. “Some of them have been in education. Some of them have not. So, they’re coming in with new eyes to a current problem or a current situation.”

For Shedrick, the residents are part of the foundational change and rebirth happening at BUILD, home to about 350 pre-kindergarten through eighth grade students. Founded in 1969, the school was named with an acronym that reflected the aspirations of the Civil Rights era: Build, Unity, Independence, Liberty, Dignity. Parents and community activists, frustrated with the quality of education for Black children in Buffalo’s segregated system, negotiated with the Board of Education and created the school as a place for innovation.

Shedrick, who went to elementary school there, remembers a waitlist to get in. But when data showed students were scoring poorly on assessments, the school, then known as BUILD Academy, closed. That same year, in 2018, it reopened with Shedrick as principal and a transformational plan. This included an independent monitor, more community support and a new name: BUILD Community School.

Now as she leads the school, she spends as much time as she can walking the hallways and visiting classrooms. As she and other administrators talk with teachers about their work, benefits of the residency experience came through last year after an exchange with a GSE alumna. Sydney Favors, EdM ’20 was hired as a social studies teacher after she graduated last year and Shedrick was impressed by her swift, professional approach to a problem: When Favors found out her students weren’t recognizing vocabulary in the curriculum, she was comfortable enough to pivot and try something new. Favors worked with the school’s instructional coach and tried new strategies, including having students use context as a tool to figure out the meaning of a word.

“She came in, ready to tackle any challenge,” said Shedrick.

As Shedrick works, she gravitates to exchanges like these. As a school principal, working with teachers and students energizes her. She appreciates GSE’s collaborative approach to the teacher residency program and regular meetings of the residency steering committee.

“You have a true collaboration. Input is flowing. We’re all constantly improving the program,” she said. “One of the things I love about it, is that we’re conducting research in real time.”

As the program unfolded, people made adjustments as needed: For example, mentor teachers now are getting more training. This year, Shedrick has started meeting regularly with residents so they have a forum for sharing their observations and progress. The Teacher Residency Program arrived during a revolutionary time in education. The pandemic-provoked shift to virtual learning forced teachers and schools to reimagine their teaching practices.

“‘You have a true collaboration. Input is flowing. We’re all constantly improving the program. One of the things I love about it, is that we’re conducting research in real time.’”

Tanika Shedrick, MA ’06 (Photo/Buyskes)
Teacher preparation of the future
Sharing a new approach: A template for other institutions

After two years of work in Buffalo Public Schools, the GSE Teacher Residency Program team of faculty, PhD students and educator collaborators developed a program template to share with other graduate schools.

“A Case for Change in Teacher Preparation,” a book with 10 chapters representing the work of 14 authors who have been part of the project leadership, makes the case for a new, residency-oriented approach to teacher education.

It has two goals—to share methodology and research, and to provide a blueprint for educators who wish to develop similar programs, said Julie Gorlewski, lead author and chair of the Department of Learning and Instruction.

By design, with its immersive, district-centered approach, the program intends to increase equity, diversity, justice and inclusion in schools through teacher education. The book, published by Routledge in August, was written to share research and demonstrate the effectiveness of the program, she said.

“We tried to write the book we wish we’d had when we planned and implemented the program,” said Gorlewski.

One topic explored is the importance of “collaborative professionalism,” or leadership that is distributed across stakeholder groups. Meaningful reform, of the kind the residency program is attempting, incorporates input from all stakeholders—students, teachers, administrators, community members. Everybody,” said Gorlewski.

The residency uses a holistic, system-focused approach, which means considering all the parts of a system in the design. Its residency template can work anywhere, but to be effective individual programs must integrate with their schools and the communities they serve, Gorlewski said.

“Learning and teaching are context based,” she noted. “We can create the structure of an effective program and take it to another city or another community, but the community needs to be involved in shaping the program so that it will work for them.”

One of the biggest lessons is that residency-facilitated partnerships between the school district, mentor teachers and university faculty are effective. Residents form strong relationships. Strong teaching skills follow.

New GSE graduate Amanda Seccia, PhD ’21, now a postdoctoral fellow at the University of Chicago, started studying the program when it launched in the fall of 2019. One of the most exciting findings was how seamlessly teacher mentors and residents collaborated.

“I think it’s just really cool to see how much their relationships grow over the course of the year. How much their communication improves, how much they’re able to enhance their own teaching practice together,” Seccia said. “By the end of the year, it’s hard to even tell who the resident is and who the mentor teacher is because they work so well together.”

The close partnerships infused the program with a growth mindset, she said. People felt comfortable coming forward with ideas for change. For example, fixing a disconnect between graduate coursework and classroom work allowed instructors to share course themes so mentor teachers could better highlight and emphasize parallels.

“We were able to then work with the instructors to do things like come up with new readings to put in the syllabi, things to help bridge that gap,” Seccia said.

In a survey she did at the end of the year, both mentor teachers and residents said they felt like family.

“They’ve built such strong relationships with one another that this mission and vision of the program goes far beyond academics,” Seccia said. “We’re an ‘army of change agents. We’re working together to change the system, little by little.’

“We tried to write the book we wish we’d had when we planned and implemented the program.”

Making a case for change

Since the program’s inception, Buffalo Public Schools Superintendent Kriner Cash has been its champion.

Addressing the incoming class of 23 residents this summer, he emphasized the transformative power of the diversity work and mentor-teacher relationships.

Cash said GSE’s approach, which offers the kind of in-school training that educators often do not get until after graduation, could be a national model.

It may show people, beyond Western New York, a diverse and effective template for changing teacher education.

“In the years since the program was established, I’ve been able to visit schools, our Buffalo Public Schools, to see these teacher residents who come from a wide array of backgrounds, ethnic, cultural, racial and gender backgrounds, and they are doing delightful work in our schools,” he noted.

“I knew this urban Teacher Residency Program would be a difference maker for us.”
Welcoming this year’s residents

Members of the third Teacher Residency cohort explain what drew them to the program.

**Danial Ahmed** previously worked as a tutor and earned his bachelor’s degree in biology. He believes the residency program will “give me enough time to get my footing teaching without being thrust into the field unprepared.”

**Kayleigh Brandstetter** worked at West Side Community Services as a youth services coordinator and has a bachelor’s degree in linguistics and Spanish with a minor in education. “I love education and empowering youth and their families!”

**Tenace Connell** formerly a teaching assistant, holds a bachelor’s degree in interdisciplinary social science with a concentration in early childhood education. She was drawn to the program’s approach. “It offers me the opportunity to finally attain my certification while still remaining in the classroom.”

**Francisco Diaz Barragan** earned his bachelor’s degree in mathematics and economics. He has worked as a tutor and an event promoter and is currently teaching his mother English. “I want to be a role model for young minoritized students while providing them with a quality education.”

**Brett Gibson** managed a credit union branch located in a high school staffed by students. He has a bachelor’s degree in biological sciences. “I like the idea of being paired with a mentor teacher and learning on the job.”

**Eden Grieger** interned at GSE’s Early Childhood Research Center, and worked as a nanny and served as a one-on-one aide to one classroom aide. She has a bachelor’s degree in social sciences interdisciplinary with a concentration in health and human services. “I believe that teaching is a great responsibility and the program’s mentor-led approach will help me become the best teacher that I can be.”

**Elizabeth Hachert** has a bachelor’s degree in biochemistry, worked as a teaching assistant and a chemistry tutor and wants to help students create change and show them the importance of education and the power of science. “I want to help students achieve their goals and have a positive impact on the next generation.”

**Kimberly Hernandez** holds a bachelor’s degree in mathematics. She was a waitress and a cashier and has a passion for helping people. “I want to work in a public school that mirrored my own experience and learn how to properly support students in these areas.”

**Jordon Denae Krivonos** has worked in UB Libraries Special Collections, as an academic support leader for UB’s Educational Opportunity Program and as a summer camp counselor. She has a bachelor’s degree in English and English Honors. “I am really interested in working in a diverse multicultural setting, and I have great interest in multicultural literature.”

**Joe Marte** has worked as a first-generation peer mentor and is working as a resident advisor. He holds a bachelor’s degree in psychology and is looking forward to the program’s hands-on experience. “There is no better way to learn how to teach than in a classroom.”

**Melissa McDonnell** has worked at the West Point Military Child Development Center and has a bachelor’s degree in political science. Her experience in the classroom offered as part of a GSE course led her to apply. “I was able to help teachers in Buffalo Public School 6 twice a week in their English Language Learning classrooms.”

**Saw Meh**, a refugee from Thailand, earned a bachelor’s degree in social work. She is working as an assistant for the Focused Learning for Youth Program with the Westchester Economic Development Initiative and as a multilingual teacher assistant at Lafayette International Community School. “The program mission and vision align with my own personal goals.”

**Zannatul Noor** has tutored at a Brooklyn after-school program, been a substitute at UB’s Childcare Center and has a bachelor’s degree in English and education. “My work experience has taught me patience time management, how to work with students, and how hard the teaching profession can be.”

**Emma Peirick** discovered her love of teaching students who are learning English as a new language while working as a tutor for Buffalo Public School 6. She has a bachelor’s degree in anthropology and recently, she has been delivering literacy interventions at the Charter School for Applied Technologies. “This program will allow me to provide truly impactful service to enhance urban education while honing my skills.”

**Nelson Rivera** was a tutor, summer coordinator and a science instructor for the Science and Technology Entry Program at UB’s School of Medicine and Biobehavioral Sciences. He also interned for the City of Buffalo Courts, worked for the Buffalo Common Council and helped students as part of UB’s Collegiate Science and Technology Entry Program. “After the pandemic impacted my job as a student success specialist, I decided to shift my career in education.”

**Heather Russell** earned a bachelor’s degree in science and mathematics. She previously worked in customer service and support. “I believe teaching is a meaningful career. I want to show students that math can be fun and accessible to everyone.”

**Abby Salamone** worked with at-risk youth, taught in Taiwan as a Fulbright Taiwan Fellow, studied education and international development and worked as a first grade special education aide. She holds a bachelor’s degree in anthropology and a master’s degree of philosophy in education. “The program creates positive change for students and our education system, which is a passion of mine.”

**Sabrina Schwartz** has worked in a day care and preschool and has a bachelor’s degree in social science interdisciplinary with a concentration in early childhood education. “I learn best working hands-on in a classroom with a mentor. This program is the perfect fit for me.”

**Kim Seay** has been a substitute teacher in Buffalo Public Schools and had jobs in local government, higher education and nonprofit arenas. She has a bachelor’s degree in business administration and a master’s degree in organizational leadership. “I hope to inspire and encourage our societal youth.”

**Alyssa Shellen** volunteered with the Buffalo nonprofit People United for Sustainable Housing at the Grant Street Neighborhood Center as part of her UB Honors Seminar. She completed her bachelor’s degree in English in three years. “I am excited by the program’s pace and learning style.”

**Sandra Shinin** has been a paraprofessional resident advisor and a youth leader, helping high school students explore career options and apply to college. She holds a bachelor’s degree in social science interdisciplinary in health and human services with a concentration in early childhood. “I want to raise the percentage of minorities who get a high school diploma and a college degree and help Buffalo Public Schools become more inclusive.”

**Jacob Walek** worked as a summer camp teacher and volunteered with Buffalo Public Schools to help high school students with their homework. He has a bachelor’s and master’s degree in history. “I have always wanted to teach in an urban school, and am excited to learn from a mentor and the students.”

**Kacy Wandel** has tutored reading, writing and literacy for both native English speakers and those learning English as a second language. She has a bachelor’s degree in humanities with a focus on elementary education and literature. She is passionate about reading and language learning. “The program will offer me the opportunity to serve students in a variety of life circumstances and places.”
Virtual skills lead to classroom savvy
Teacher Residency alumna discovers online tools lead to leaps in class participation

BY MICHELLE KEARNS

The most memorable lesson from the pandemic about teaching for new social studies teacher Caitlin Orgek, EdM ’20, was the power of digital tools to encourage class participation—online and in-person. Their power to transform the class experience inspired her.

“It’s really revolutionized how I think about teaching. Seeing those kids come for our Zoom calls and having them ask questions … it definitely confirmed for me that I picked the right profession. Despite all the challenges, it worked,” Orgek said. “I really think if just gave students the confidence to answer in the way that best supported them.”

When COVID-19 closed school buildings during her residency, Orgek began experimenting with online tools to draw in students who were adjusting to the sudden shift to online learning. She was heartened to see how the video classes gave them more options to engage—by chat, class poll and anonymous response. Then, last year, when she began her first year as a full-time Buffalo Public School teacher, she kept adding web apps to her teaching practice.

She was thrilled to see her morning online group of seventh graders at Dr. Charles R. Drew Science Magnet School enthralled by a virtual field trip to see where Harriet Tubman once lived, via the interactive Nearpod web app. They took in a 360-view of the Maryland farm where Tubman was enslaved as a girl and, from there, followed her route north along the Underground Railroad.

Then, with help from Google, they gazed at the stretch of the Niagara River from the Buffalo shores where Tubman helped people escape slavery and cross by boat to safety in Canada. Orgek could tell her students felt connected to the woman who once walked the same streets that they do now. Even though her students were quiet during the virtual lessons that featured Tubman, the chat space on the class video screen filled up with their conversation.

This experience was an example of how new digital tools dovetail with and elevate class learning. With options like these, more of her students are winning all the points in the 10 percent of their grade reserved for class participation.

So far, she’s tried almost a dozen new digital apps and online interfaces. They include the Kahoot! and Quizizz platforms that make a game out of answering quiz questions. The Nearpod interactive online interface makes it easy to build video clips into lesson summaries and even lets students draw answers to questions like, “What does a canal look like?” which came up during the history of the Erie Canal. She’s experimented with Schoology’s online assignment setup and the Desmos tool for animating numbers and underlining reading passages with color.

Some web apps and programs that let students respond without their names are particularly helpful. This way they avoid the risk that keep many quiet—giving a wrong answer and feeling embarrassed in front of peers. “Remaining anonymous allows that greater involvement, greater engagement,” Orgek said.

When teaching turned hybrid last spring, students could choose whether to stay home or come to class. A girl in one of her classes who was learning English as a new language was physically in class, but too shy to speak. Whenever Orgek stopped by her desk, the student would give a thumbs up as she worked on her Chromebook.

Later when Orgek looked on the Desmos platforms, she could see in real time that the girl was answering questions along with the rest of the class.

These new more flexible digital learning tools shed light on a fundamental lesson from her GSE studies: Educational experiences should be as individualized as possible. Digital tools help make that happen.

“Engagement has been shown to really advance the students’ learning,” said Orgek. “You have to have multiple ways to have students engage with the information to be able to learn. It’s our challenge as teachers to meet those needs.”

Caitlin Orgek teaches a class as part of her teacher certification presentation.

(Video still courtesy Caitlin Orgek)
Q What is cyberbullying?
A Cyberbullying is similar to traditional forms of bullying, except it occurs in online spaces or through digital media devices. With any form of bullying, we look for three characteristics of the behavior. First, the person is trying to harm another person intentionally. Second, the harm is repetitive or likely to be repeated. And, third, there’s a power imbalance between the person engaging in the bullying behavior and the person experiencing it. However, if somebody tells you that they feel hurt or unsafe, and their experience doesn’t tick off those three boxes, that doesn’t mean you should ignore what they’re saying.

Q Where does cyberbullying happen?
A Cyberbullying occurs wherever teenagers spend time. We often see it on popular social media or gaming apps. Adolescents always seem to be one step ahead of us with their technical skills and knowledge, so it can be tricky to develop effective prevention and intervention strategies.

Q How do I know if my child or student is being cyberbullied?
A Children and adolescents experiencing cyberbullying tend to report higher levels of social isolation, depression, anxiety, sleep problems and aggressive behavior. We often see social children become more withdrawn or less active on their phones. Sometimes children and adolescents increase their media use after experiencing cyberbullying because they want to ensure that someone’s not posting about them online.

As parents, we might think, “I’ll just take your phone away.” But, that can create more anxiety and won’t make the problem disappear. In addition to her work as an assistant professor and associate director of the Alberti Center, Fredrick is a licensed psychologist and nationally certified school psychologist. She has consulted with schools about bullying prevention and social-emotional learning.

Q How can schools prevent bullying in online environments?
A We’re often quick to blame our students, whether they’re bullying or being bullied. Educators and school staff must look at their own behaviors and attitudes and model positive relationships, so those behaviors trickle down to the students. Schools also need a variety of easy ways for students to report cyberbullying. Maybe it’s making sure that students feel comfortable talking to adults within the school. Perhaps it’s an anonymous reporting app or page on the school’s website. Maybe it’s teaching students to be prosocial bystanders and showing them how to report bullying behavior for other students.

Q Where can mental health professionals and educators find more information about how to help students who are bullied?
A The Alberti Center for Bullying Abuse Prevention’s website has resources for educators, parents and students on cyberbullying and online safety.

Stephanie Fredrick’s cyberbullying research began while enrolled in her school psychology doctoral program in 2012. During that time, she noticed that several media outlets reported that cyberbullying caused adolescent suicide. Yet, she couldn’t find scholarly research to support those claims. Now, as the associate director of the Alberti Center for Bullying Abuse Prevention and an assistant professor in GSE’s Department of Counseling, School and Educational Psychology, Fredrick’s career is centered on studying cyberbullying and developing school-based prevention strategies.

The new schoolyard: Understanding and preventing cyberbullying
A conversation about cyberbullying symptoms and strategies with Stephanie Fredrick
BY DANIELLE LEGARE

In addition to her work as an assistant professor and associate director of the Alberti Center, Fredrick is a licensed psychologist and nationally certified school psychologist. She has consulted with schools about bullying prevention and social-emotional learning.
Reimagining STEM in Nigeria. And beyond.

BY MICHELLE KEARNS

When Adetola Salau, GSE PhD student and education aide to Nigerian Governor Babajide Sanwo-Olu, drives through Lagos, she is inspired to persevere. She gets energy for her own sometimes exhausting daily work, as a graduate student and government official, when she sees young people hanging out on the streets with nothing to do.

Her mission: Implement what she believes is the life-changing solution and transform education in Nigeria to reflect the U.S.’s experiential approach to science and math learning. She wants to help shift teaching traditions around memorization to class project work, which she believes helps students cultivate curiosity, self-confidence, understanding and the tools they need to find, and create, meaningful work.

“The rest of the world has gone to hands-on learning,” Salau said. “It took me going to the States ... to see we can do this differently.”

Months after she enrolled in GSE’s curriculum, instruction and the science of learning online PhD program, Lagos State Commissioner of Education Folashade Adeifayo, who had been reading Salau’s newspaper columns about reform, offered her a job. “She’s a progressive educator,” said Salau.

In her role as education aide, Salau launched an initiative called “TEAM UP Lagos,” a program to create after-school science clubs in more than 50 junior high and high schools with new lab spaces, STEM competitions, teacher training. Its curriculum, which Salau developed, includes activities like fizzy baking soda explosions and investigating trash dump pollution with drones. To help expand the club to the state’s 5,000 public and 20,000 private schools, Salau loaded them into her mother’s car before it skipped.

In the beginning, she advocated for change by driving 13 hours to the capital Abuja to lobby officials. She then decided a PhD would give her the clout she needed.

Her graduate work converged with her government work. Opportunities to create change emerged—in her dissertation and with international collaborators.

“Hands-on experience: Reimagining STEM in Nigeria. And beyond.”

Her passion for STEM education comes from her own journey. She was born in the U.S. to Nigerian parents who were earning their PhDs. She was 5 when they returned to Nigeria, where her mother became a university lecturer and the country’s first female meteorologist, and her father was a geography and climate change professor and United Nations diplomat.

In 1995, when she was 16, Salau settled in the U.S. and earned a Bachelor’s degree in chemistry at Fordham University and, at Syracuse University, a master’s in chemical engineering.

Salau then spent a decade teaching middle school and high school math and science in the South Bronx, the Carolinas and California. It was hard, life-changing work that she loved. She built rapport with students by sharing her story about how education led her family to the U.S. “I made connections beyond math,” Salau said.

She became convinced that the American experiential style of teaching could transform Nigeria’s schools and their reliance on memorization.

She planned her return to Nigeria, stockpiling outdated textbooks whenever she knew they were going to the dumpster. Eventually, when she was heading to Lagos, she loaded them into her mother’s car before it skipped.

In the beginning, she advocated for change by driving 13 hours to the capital Abuja to lobby officials. She then decided a PhD would give her the clout she needed.

Her graduate work converged with her government work. Opportunities to create change emerged—in her dissertation and with international collaborators.

“We need to make them become people who solve their own problems and create and think critically. I want to see problem-solving. And, I want to see critical thinking become something of the norm.”

In the past year, since she began working on state education policy, the work informed her doctoral study and vice versa. She believes foundational change could profoundly impact the state’s 5 million students and, eventually, students nationwide, in all 36 states.

She surveyed Nigerian teachers about their interest in taking new approaches to teaching math and science as part of her STEM education dissertation research that she is developing with her advisor Noemi Waight, associate professor of learning and instruction. “I have data now saying that this is what they realize and what they want,” said Salau.

To help her research, one of her science education professors, Joseph Engemann, PhD ’10, connected her with the Smithsonian Institution’s Science Education Center. It sponsored virtual training for 10 teachers and policymakers in Lagos last year. Then this spring, she won a place on its inaugural committee. “STEM Education for Sustainable Development and Network for Emergent Socioscientific Thinking,” an international panel collecting new ideas.

Engemann sees promise, for education on both sides of the Atlantic, in Salau’s efforts.

“We agree that even in Canada and the U.S., there is poor development of practical work skills in science. So many teachers lack the instructional capacity,” said Engemann, an adjunct GSE professor. “She is an amazing advocate for excellence in science teaching.”

Once Salau finishes her PhD, they plan to continue to work together to research and publish ideas for improving STEM education, and opportunity, for students. “We need to make them become people who solve their own problems and create and think critically,” said Salau.

“Want to see problem-solving. And, I want to see critical thinking become something of the norm.”

Salau at the grounds of the offices of the British Deputy High Commission in Lagos, with Deputy British High Commissioner Ben Llewellyn-Jones and local students, October 2020. (Photo courtesy of the Deputy British High Commission in Lagos.)

Kathleen Reeb-Reascos, a GSE educational culture, policy and society doctoral student, has spent decades before heading to teach class. (Photo courtesy Kathryn Reeb-Reascos)

For the past year, Reeb-Reascos studied the way the IEPs functioned at three different public elementary schools—a wealthy, majority white school, one with high-poverty and students of color, and one that had a diverse mix. The researchers learned how hard parents work to navigate, making one phone call after another, sometimes filing lawsuits, as they advocate for their children. “It’s almost a full-time job.”

“The disparities are troubling, given that the Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004 is very clear about how the IEP process should unfold, said Reeb-Reascos. “Why do we see such vast differences in the way IEPs work from one school to the next? It turns out the implementation varies and so does service to children. That lack of uniformity, which Reeb-Reascos is analyzing, makes it difficult to set up optimal outcomes and goals.”

“The disparities are troubling,” said Reeb-Reascos. “But Otsuki worried that might be impossible. She assumed her own English wasn’t good enough. Takagi disagreed. Otsuki remembers her professor saying, ‘You have that?’ asked Reeb-Reascos. ‘I wanted to look at whether the make-up of that school influences that process.’”

While she is still drafting her dissertation, preliminary data from educators and specialists show there are big differences in the way IEPs work from one school to the next. The disparities are troubling, given that the Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act of 2004 is very clear about how the IEP process should unfold, said Reeb-Reascos. “Why do we see such vast differences in serving and supporting?” she questioned. She wants her project to get people’s attention so that policymakers will start making changes. “We need a wake-up call,” Reeb-Reascos said.

“The world of disability is complex. There’s acceptance and there’s also a lot of stigma,” she said. “My purpose for all of this is to capture what is going on and bring it to those who can make change.”

Disparities discovered
Seeking policy change in (dis)ability education

BY MICHELLE KEARNS

A Teacher Who ... inspired a student in Japan to move to Buffalo to study foreign language education at GSE

BY MICHELLE KEARNS

An ambition to help others teach and learn foreign language led Yukako Otsuki, EdM ’12, to leave her home in Japan and forge a career in the U.S. The idea came to her more than a decade ago in Osaka when she learned how to take a more collaborative, flexible approach to language education while in a class led by GSE-trained professor Akiko Takagi, EdM ’99. It was an experience that would change her life. Otsuki, who expects to finish her doctorate in foreign and second language education at UB next year, had long been interested in the power of language study and how it can bring people from different cultures together.

When she was a student of Takagi’s at Osaka Kyuko University, she was impressed by how much she got out of the assignments to examine the teaching practice sessions by writing weekly reflections. Takagi had discovered the strategy while studying the teaching of English at GSE.

“At that time, I was a really new teacher,” said Takagi, now a professor of English teaching at Aoyama Gakuin University in Tokyo. “I was not sure about my impact. Now I understand.”

Otsuki also was intrigued by Takagi’s recounting of her classes with Lynne Yang, GSE’s clinical associate professor of learning and instruction. Yang taught that it was crucial to have students speak and use the language they were studying, an alternative to the Japanese approach of learning by translating written passages. “For me, I thought, ‘It’s more fun,’” Otsuki said. “It’s also more practical.”

“Your dream since I started learning English came true.”

She learned English that way herself. As a young student, she practiced conversation with a kind American teacher. Otsuki’s work with Takagi built on that experience and made her want to follow her professor’s academic path and study at GSE. But Otsuki worried that might be impossible. She assumed her own English wasn’t good enough.

Takagi disagreed. Otsuki remembers her professor saying, “You don’t need to worry about that. Just try.”

Her early studies with Takagi also helped give Otsuki the idea for her dissertation. Her interdisciplinary proposal about reflective practice led to an award. Last year, she became one of the first GSE students to win an Advanced PhD Fellowship from UB’s Humanities Institute. This year, Otsuki is back in Japan with financial help from another award. GSE’s D. Bruce Johnstone International Student Dissertation Research Travel Fund has covered some of the costs as she works in Japan to collect data about the impact of reflective practice on the confidence of four elementary school teachers who are new to teaching English. Otsuki still remembers how her own understanding of her teaching deepened as she journaled in Takagi’s class. “I also had the opportunity to think: ‘What is good teaching? What is not good teaching?’” said Otsuki. “I could get some findings by thinking by myself … Then I can accumulate those findings into my teaching experience. Like a good lesson for myself, to develop myself.”

One day, Otsuki hopes to become a professor and help others understand the life-changing power of foreign language study. Because Takagi challenged her to try, she came to Buffalo for graduate work. “My dream since I started learning English came true.”

Yukako Otsuki, EdM ’12, with her professor mentor and fellow GSE alumni Akiko Takagi, EdM ’99.
UB’s new partnership and pilot program with Buffalo’s GiGi’s Playhouse Down Syndrome Achievement Center has developed into a new opportunity for UB students to learn and teach.

GiGi’s Playhouse Experiential Learning is an independent study that began with a small group of UB students who earned credit toward internship or professional teaching certifications by tutoring preschool and elementary-school-age children with Down syndrome.

The course addresses a critical preparation gap for future teachers who will work with children with Down syndrome and other disabilities. The need has become more urgent as schools increasingly integrate classrooms to include students with learning differences, said co-instructor Claire Cameron, GSE associate professor of learning and instruction.

“Most students who qualify for special education spend 80 percent or more of their time in typical classroom settings. Decades of classroom-based research show that students with disabilities benefit from inclusion, or learning alongside their typically developing peers, whenever possible. What’s more, typically developing peers also benefit,” said Cameron. “With the nationwide wave of retiring teachers, colleges must prepare new educators for classrooms of today, which increasingly include students with a wide range of learning needs. Colleges must prepare professionals, including teachers, to work effectively with exceptional learners.”

GiGi’s Playhouse is a nonprofit that offers free educational and career development programming for people with Down syndrome, their families and the community through a playhouse model. The Buffalo center, one of 54 throughout the U.S. and Mexico, opened in August 2020 on Kenmore Avenue, behind UB’s Anderson Gallery.

The new GSE coursework and teaching partnership can help teachers learn the techniques for helping more children with Down syndrome learn to read, said Emily Mondschein, a Playhouse co-founder and its executive director.

“The issue is, schools oftentimes don’t have the strategies and techniques to properly work with this population based on the accommodations that they need,” she said. “Reading is a strength for people with Down syndrome. Some people with Down syndrome are able to read at their grade level.”

During the course, students review research literature about education for children with Down syndrome and volunteer with GiGi’s One-on-One Literacy Tutoring Program and meet with families in a hybrid mix of Zoom and in-person sessions. For a final project, students develop an at-home program of activities and strategies personalized for the child and family.

““Colleges must prepare professionals, including teachers, to work effectively with exceptional learners.”

““There are certain skills, such as behavior management and tailoring curriculum and instruction styles to unique student profiles, that are limited during formal instruction. Experiential learning teaches our future teachers these skills by allowing them to observe and practice them in real time,” said Krystal Starke, a GSE doctoral student and Early Childhood Research Center instructor who co-developed the syllabus.

Cameron and Starke plan to continue the course, offer it to more UB students and study its effectiveness. They also hope to expand and include other organizations that specialize in teaching young people with learning differences.

Mondschein welcomes their efforts. “I’m proud of them for stepping up to do this work, which is really uncharted and really needs to happen,” she said.

“Exceptional learners are an integral part of our society,” said Cameron. “We can do more to educate all members of society about the gifts and advantages to everyone when exceptional people are meaningfully included in our classrooms, workplaces and communities.”
A career unfolds across continents

BY MICHELLE KEARNS

Before he earned his master’s degree in teaching English as a second language from GSE, Rob Martin, EdM ’01, discovered his vocation and love of the profession three decades ago as a young college graduate, volunteering to teach English at a school in rural Kenya. From there, his career unfolded gradually and unexpectedly as he went on to work with government workers in the mountains of Thailand and university students in a South Korean port city.

After graduate school at UB, Martin became a teacher of social studies and English as an additional language at multinational schools, which offer American and international curriculum programs for the children of expatriate and local workers. It’s a global career path that Martin wants other educators to know exists. His journey has led him to live in Mexico, Kuwait, India, and, now, Zambia. He now works at the American International School of Lusaka, where his wife Flor teaches Spanish and their daughter Maya is a sophomore.

“I learned to be a risk-taker. I knew I could do something like this and survive and be successful,” said Martin. “I continue to learn that it is important to look beyond our country and town and city borders. It’s important to learn about the world around us... Also, I think it allows me to see the U.S. through a different lens.”

He and his family have made a home in seven countries and traveled to sixty more, having adventures like visiting remote islands in India and vacationing on the white sandy beaches of the Indian Ocean. It still surprises him to think of the career that he’s followed for the last 22 years.

“I’m living the dream. I have a job I love,” said Martin, speaking by Zoom from his home in Lusaka. “Each day is a new learning experience.”

Since he started teaching, he’s helped students learn to speak and study in English, hiked with a class through the Himalayas and camped with colleagues near the Zambezi River.

“In each experience, I understood... I’m growing as a teacher. I’m learning as a teacher, but you know what? There’s a lot I don’t know. I need to learn,” Martin said. “I need to improve, whether that be just learning how to manage groups of linguistically diverse students, just learning how to deliver an engaging lesson, and learning how to work with colleagues who have different perspectives and don’t speak English as a first language.”

For the last four years, he and his family have lived in a house close enough to walk to the campus that is home to students representing 40 nationalities. As with many schools like this for children of parents working as staff for governments, nonprofits, and international businesses, the American International School of Lusaka’s graduates go on to study at universities all over the world.

“I know it’s hard, but I love working with students who are eager to learn and I found that overseas, the students and the families are very supportive and very eager to learn,” said Martin. “I’m living the dream. I have a job I love.”

Sharing experiences and knowledge about the world and cultures is one of the more gratifying aspects of his job. “I’m always reminding my students how lucky they are,” Martin said. “They are global citizens and can go anywhere they want.”

“I continue to learn that it is important to look beyond our country and town and city borders. It’s important to learn about the world around us.”

As his daughter starts to think about college, he hopes she will consider UB, where he thinks she’d feel at home among its international students. Her childhood of traveling was very different from the one he had, centered in Seneca Falls, New York. “She’s got choices,” said Martin. “Going to the U.S. however, will be like going to a foreign country.”
New beginnings

In a break with tradition, UB President Satish Tripathi conferred GSE degrees outdoors during the 90th commencement ceremony at UB Stadium on Friday, May 14. Instead of gathering at the Center for the Arts, GSE’s traditional graduation venue, our graduates celebrated their new degrees in the sun on a breezy spring morning.

For so many faculty, staff and students, this graduation day was especially memorable because it was their first visit back to campus since COVID-19 led UB buildings to close.

As the graduates readied to forge new career paths, the world around them was continuing to adapt to the changes the pandemic provoked. In spite of the masks, vaccinations and testing required to attend the ceremony, the crowd was glad to be there.

We are looking forward to next spring when we expect more new traditions to emerge alongside the tried and true rituals of the past.

To see more photos of the day, visit ed.buffalo.edu/commencement.

Buffalo, N.Y., May 14, 2021. (UB Photos/Amber Winters)
Fellowships and scholarships

Presidential Fellow

The Presidential Fellowship Program, inaugurated in the fall of 1984, is awarded to new PhD applicants, who have a record of excellence. Students must be appointed as a full teaching, graduate or research assistant. Lea Bartlo, BA ’96 a Western New York native, began her doctoral studies in the curriculum, instruction and the science of learning program this fall. She earned her bachelor’s degree in psychology from UB and a master’s degree in counselor education from St. Bonaventure University.

For more than 20 years, she has worked in human services and with individuals with disabilities, in direct care, social work, and quality assurance. Most recently, she worked with the Learning Disabilities Association of Western New York and was program director of LEAD716, an innovative initiative providing early educational and social-emotional support for preschool children with elevated blood lead levels. The CISL program and the Presidential Fellowship will help Bartlo explore strategies for improving and expanding services for children affected by lead poisoning.

2021–22 Arthur Schomburg Fellows

UB’s Arthur A. Schomburg Fellowship Program provides financial support for master’s and doctoral students who contribute to the diversity of the student body, and have overcome a disadvantage or other barrier to success in higher education.

Louise Annie Gillespie Scholars

Jean A. Barrett, EdD ’65, EdM ’56, established the Louise Annie Gillespie Scholarship in honor of her mother, who immigrated to the United States and encouraged her three daughters to pursue their higher education aspirations. The scholarship is awarded to a female GSE student who is the daughter of a woman who immigrated to the U.S.

Educational psychology and quantitative methods doctoral student Chantal Tan, BA ’19, a native of Singapore, earned a bachelor’s degree in psychology at UB. She chose GSE because of its focus on research and its dedication to student diversity. To move to Buffalo to study, Tan made great sacrifices. The Gillespie Scholarship will assist her with some of the challenges she faces while allowing her to pursue a PhD with confidence. Tan’s ambition is to improve cultural diversity within educational practices, close achievement gaps and help schools promote student learning with personalized interventions.

Kavitha Muralidhar, EdM ’16, a native of India, is working on her doctorate in higher education. She earned a master’s degree in human development and education from the University of Madras, India, before coming to UB to earn a master’s degree in higher education. She chose GSE for its focus on equity, diversity and educational policies. She is aiming for a career teaching and contributing to research.

Keltanna Ramdath is a curriculum, instruction and the science of learning doctoral student who was born in Trinidad and raised in the Bronx. She earned a bachelor’s degree in health science and biology from Mercy College and a master’s degree in secondary education from Grand Canyon University. She enrolled at GSE to research science education and urban education. Ramdath wants to help educators do their best work in diverse classrooms without compromising content, curiosity or fun. Her goal is to improve science education and student experiences with it.

Jay’ana King, a native of Philadelphia, is working on her counseling and school psychology doctorate and aims to help increase the availability and representation of Black psychologists for Black adolescents. She has a bachelor’s degree in psychology from Temple University and wrote her honors thesis about cross-race peer relationships. She chose GSE because of her interest in research and practice and learning to care for adolescents from all racial groups in and outside of school.

Brittany Derr, a native of South Lyon, Michigan, is working on her doctorate in counseling and school psychology. She earned a bachelor’s degree in psychology from the University of Detroit Mercy, and a master’s degree in counseling psychology from the University of Kentucky. She is aiming for a career as a clinician and researcher with a focus on social justice, Women of color and the LGBTQ+ community.

Toniqua Lawrence, BA ’21, grew up in Buffalo and is working on her counseling and school psychology doctorate. She earned her bachelor’s degree in psychology from UB and chose GSE for its focus on diversity and multicultural competence. After she finishes her PhD, Lawrence plans to work for a nonprofit and, eventually, open a private practice.

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Bijan Kashani, MS ’21, is working on his doctorate in counseling psychology. First moved from Montreal to the U.S. to earn a bachelor’s degree in psychology and English at SUNY Binghamton. Kashani earned his master’s in mental health counseling at UB. He plans to continue developing his interests in LGBTQ+ issues, social justice and trauma through research, clinical work and teaching.

Kellyann Ramdath is a curriculum, instruction and the science of learning doctoral student who was born in Trinidad and raised in the Bronx. She earned a bachelor’s degree in health science and biology from Mercy College and a master’s degree in secondary education from Grand Canyon University. She enrolled at GSE to research science education and urban education. Ramdath wants to help educators do their best work in diverse classrooms without compromising content, curiosity or fun. Her goal is to improve science education and student experiences with it.
Omayra Muñoz
is a certified rehabilitation counselor and received her doctoral degree in
counselor education from the University of Maryland, College Park, and her
master’s degree in rehabilitation counseling from the University of Puerto Rico, Rio Piedras. She has worked extensively with Latinx, immigrant and
Spanish-speaking communities as a bilingual mental health counselor and
rehabilitation counselor. Her scholarly and collaborative interests include
the acculturation process of immigrant and Latinx clients, the transition
from high school to college for Latinx youth with disabilities and counselors’
commitment to social justice and inclusion. She’s looking forward to her
new role as clinical assistant professor and, the year ahead at UB for
herself, her husband, also a faculty member at UB as well as her daughter
Yulisa, who is starting her second year of college.

Samuel Dodson
joins the Department of Information Science after earning his PhD in
library, archival and information studies from The University of British
Columbia. He specializes in human-computer interaction and information
retrieval to study how individuals learn and collaborate in online
information environments. In his work so far, he has enjoyed investigating a range of issues in these areas, from the ethics of search engines to the
information practices of engineers. He is interested in the implications of
how people make sense of information, as well as the design of systems
that support learners’ needs and potential. Samuel was drawn to joining
the GSE community, inspired by its commitment to conducting highly
interdisciplinary research and teaching and is looking forward to learning
with students and colleagues.

Jennifer Dexheimer, BA ’09, MS ’12, the new clinical coordinator for
the rehabilitation counseling program, has a background in higher education
and human resources and specializes in
supporting the underserved and individuals
with developmental disabilities. A UB and
GSE alumna, she has a master’s degree in rehabilitation counseling and roots in
Buffalo, where she lives with her husband, two young daughters and
extended family.

Tammy Prosser, BA ’04, EdM ’10, the new clinical coordinator for the
school counseling program, was a school counselor in local public and private schools and an adjunct lecturer in school counseling
at Niagara University. Prosser, who is GSE alumna with a master’s degree in school counseling, is excited to join the GSE team and help shape the next generation of
school counselors. In her spare time, she likes to bake, play softball,
go to church and hike with friends.

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Karen Herdzik, PhD ’08, will help
students get hands-on clinical experience
that aligns with their professional goals in her new role as the interim clinical
coordinator for the counseling and school psychology program. Herdzik is herself a
graduate of the program and has a private
counseling practice. In her career, she has
also worked at a pediatric rehabilitation
center and as a psychologist in Nevada, North Carolina and
Washington. After her many travels, Herdzik is glad to return to her
hometown and, once again, enjoy the snow and a Buffalo winter.
**On the Move | HONORS, AWARDS AND PROMOTIONS**

**Promotions**

**Faculty and Staff**

- **Julie Gorlewski**, in the Department of Learning and Instruction has been promoted to professor.
- **Megan Iantosca**, in the Department of Counseling, School and Educational Psychology has been promoted to associate professor with tenure.
- **Scott Sobella**, in the Department of Counseling, School and Educational Psychology has been promoted to associate professor with tenure.
- **Keely Benson**, has been named interim associate director of the Fisher Price Endowed Early Childhood Research Center.
- **Luis Tosado**, in the Department of Counseling, School and Educational Psychology has been promoted to clinical associate professor.
- **Benjamin Poremski**, has been named director of data analytics and accreditation for the Graduate School of Education.
- **Jining Wu**, in the Department of Educational Leadership and Policy has been promoted to associate professor with tenure.
- **Raechelle Pope**, has been named senior associate dean for faculty and student affairs and chief diversity officer for GSE.

**Honors and Awards**

**Faculty and Staff**

- **Wendy Guyker**, clinical associate professor in the Department of Counseling, School and Educational Psychology was awarded the 2021 GSE Faculty S.T.A.R. Award for Service.
- **Tiffany Karalis Noel**, clinical associate professor in the Department of Counseling, School and Educational Psychology was awarded the 2021 GSE Faculty S.T.A.R. Award for Teaching.
- **Heidi Julien**, professor in the Department of Information Science has been awarded the 2021 Service to the Association for Library Information Science Education (ALISE) Award and was also awarded the 2021 GSE Faculty S.T.A.R. Award for Research.
- **Ryan Taughrin**, was awarded the 2021 GSE Dean’s Apple Award.
- **Mary McVee**, professor in the Department of Learning and Instruction was awarded the 2021 GSE Faculty S.T.A.R. Award for Advising.

**Students**

- **Courtney Doxbeck**, a doctoral student in the Department of Learning and Instruction received UB’s 2021 Excellence in Teaching Award for Graduate Teaching Assistants Competition.
- **Shira Pollack**, a counseling psychologist and school psychology doctoral student was awarded the Psi Chi APA Convention Society Research Award for the poster submission to the 2021 American Psychological Association convention, titled “The Effects of Daily Gratitude on Procrastination in College Students.”

**Alumni**

- **Janet Jones**, EdM ’85 was named the 2021 Hilligso+ Career Consortium David S. Bechtel Outstanding Career Services Professional of the Year.

**Visiting Faculty**

- **Rebecca F. Jacob**, PhD ’20, a state certified school counselor, licensed mental health counselor and certified rehabilitation counselor, earned her doctorate in counselor education from GSE and joins the school as a visiting instructor of school counseling in the Department of Counseling, School and Educational Psychology. Jacob is active in the field, having worked as a former school counselor, a mental health program supervisor, a hospital therapist and a mentor to counseling students. Her research focuses on the therapeutic aspects of group work, and the impact of gender diversity on group member satisfaction, cohesion and outcome. She’s interested in counseling education and promoting the real-world application of knowledge, awareness and skill.

**2021-2022 Dean’s Lecture Series**

Three speakers will highlight topics connected to this year’s “Equity and Education” theme for the Dean’s Lecture Series, designed to highlight GSE’s commitment to creating an equitable, diverse, inclusive and just community where all feel welcomed, included, supported and empowered. Equal access to supports, services and opportunities that ensure learning and success is crucial for our communities. Speakers, selected by a committee of junior faculty, reflect a range of perspectives.

**Jessica Chandras**, visiting assistant professor of anthropology at Wake Forest University, will speak about caste and privilege in India. **Frederick Leong**, retired professor of psychology and psychiatry at Michigan State University, is a champion of the importance of culture and its impact on human behavior. **Rodrick Carey**, assistant professor at the College of Education and Human Development at the University of Delaware, will examine the pandemic’s impact on young Black men.

**Jessica Chandras**

“The Sociolinguistics of Caste and Class Privilege in Education in India”

**Frederick Leong**

“Desiderata: Diversity Mindsets”

**Rodrick Carey**

“How Black Boys Perceived Their Matterings During the ‘Dual Pandemics’ Race, Schooling, and Adolescents’ (In)Significance Throughout Health and Racial Crises”
#NoFilter

GSE students take over Instagram

In 2021, Courtney Paulus gained teaching and research skills working in GSE’s Early Childhood Research Center. Qinghua Chen studied child development while leading meaningful philanthropic projects. And, during their summer internships, Spencer McCrea and Hunter Stempin implemented orientation programs to guide and support new college students.

We knew they had stories to tell, so we asked them to temporarily take over GSE’s Instagram account. Their photos and videos offered glimpses into their real lives giving the GSE community a fresh way to learn about our students’ personalities and passions. And @UBGSE’s audience doubled-tapped with enthusiasm and followed along.

We’re excited to announce that GSE students will take over Instagram every Thursday through @UBGSE!

THURSDAY
INSTAGRAM TAKEOVER
with a UB GSE curriculum, experiences and the voices of learning and research students, Qinghua Chen

Retirements

Forging excellence with compassion

Janice DeLucia retired in May 2021 after 34 years as a faculty member in the Department of Counseling, School and Educational Psychology. For the last 23 years, she was program director for the school counseling program.

DeLucia’s area of expertise was group counseling and psychodramatic groups, particularly for children and adolescents.

Her work focused on the empirical validation of group techniques, and the development of guidelines for effective implementation of group interventions. She served as editor of the Journal for Specialists in Group Work, president of the Association for Specialists in Group Work, president of the American Counseling Association, the Association for Specialists in Group Work and a member of the American Psychological Association's Society of Group Psychology and Group Psychotherapy.

In retirement she hopes to catch up on her reading list and continue to consult with schools about how to implement effective school counseling programs.

A legacy of leadership

Stephen L. Jacobson, UB Distinguished Professor, is retiring after a 35 year career. He began his career at UB in 1986 after he completed his PhD in educational administration at Cornell University. Prior to his studies at Cornell, he was a special education teacher for the New York City Public Schools and then worked with substance abusers for the Renaissance Project in Ellenville, New York.

Over the course of his career, he served as Coordinator of the Educational Administration programs, chair of the Department of Educational Leadership and Policy and the associate dean for academic affairs. He has chaired over 60 doctoral dissertations and served on the committees of nearly 50 more.

His initial research focused on teacher labor market behaviors and compensation, which earned him considerable recognition. His research interests turned to the reform of school leadership preparation and practice, and successful leadership in high poverty schools in the U.S. and abroad.

His work on these issues has an international following and, in addition to over 100 publications, he has given presentations in Australia, Austria, Barbados, Canada, China, Cyprus, England, Ethiopia, Germany, Ghana, Israel, Mali, Malta, Mexico, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, South Africa, Spain, Sweden and Tanzania. In 1999 he was a Fulbright Scholar in Educational Management and Leadership at Aleksander Moisiu University in Durres, Albania.

Of all of his accomplishments, he’s most proud of his participation in the design, implementation and on-going development of the Leadership Initiative For Tomorrow’s Schools (LIFTS). The LIFTS program began more than 25 years ago as an attempt by UB to create an innovative approach to the preparation of school leaders. The goal was to engage area school districts and attract outstanding candidates to collaboratively introduce cohorts of educators to the field with the intellectual and technical skills needed to improve the life chances of school aged youngsters across Western New York.

There are now over 200 alumni of LIFTS including some of the very finest school leaders to be found anywhere. “What these leaders are doing every day in our schools is the finest legacy anyone could hope for,” said Jacobson.
The sun sets in 2021 at North Campus as a new semester’s journey begins. Amherst, N.Y., June, 2021. (UB Photo/Douglas Levere)